

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, July 9.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .03.
Temperature, Max. 80; Min. 70. Weather, unsettled.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1850.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.92c. Per Ton, \$78.40.
88 Analysis Beets, 10s. 5½d. Per Ton, \$84.00.

VOL. L, NO. 8399.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW CAMP BEGINS TODAY

**General Murray Orders Artillery Cantonment
Near Fort Ruger to Be Established at
Once—A General Construction.**

Since the arrival of General Murray, United States Army, head of the Coast Artillery Department, last Monday, he has made a tour of the island and inspected all the fortifications in and about Honolulu. These included the cavalry post at Leilehua, the infantry post at Fort Shafter, the fortification sites at Pearl Harbor where about seventy men are at work preparing the foundations for the two 12-inch guns already on the ground in readiness to be mounted. Others are at work on the foundations for two great guns at Fort de Russy, Waikiki, and the battery of eight mortars at Fort Ruger, Diamond Head. With Major Winslow, C. E., Captain Falls, quartermaster, and the general's aide, Captain Callen. General Murray also inspected the proposed site for the coast artillery garrison at Fort Ruger and approved of the same. The result was that Captain Falls, depot quartermaster, to whom has been assigned the preparation of quarters for the garrison, began work there yesterday morning clearing off the ground.

The site is just back of, or mauka of, Fort Ruger, across the government road on the Kaimuki side. The ground was once partially cleared, having originally been selected as the site for Fort Ruger. This was abandoned and the fort placed directly against the side of the extinct crater of Diamond Head. Work will begin today in the assembling of materials for the post, which will be constructed similarly to that at Leilehua for the cavalry. There will be tents for the enlisted men and half tent and half frame quarters for the officers. There will be five sets of the latter as the commissioned officers will include a major and five of the line. There will be 218 ten floors placed. The work will be expedited as the artillery men arrive here about August 12. Major Cree, who is assigned as commandant of the artillery district of Honolulu, will accompany the troops.

NOW BOUND BY AN INJUNCTION

**Restraining Order Is Issued
Against Higher Wage
Leaders.**

The wings of Makino and his colleagues, identified in the leadership of the higher wage agitation, have been clipped in a decisive way through an injunction that was ordered to be issued yesterday by Circuit Judge Robinson, on the bill of complaint and motion to show cause by Kinney, Ballou, Prosser and Anderson, attorneys for the Oahu Sugar Company.

The injunction is a sweeping one and prevents the Japanese laborers and their so-called leaders from interfering in any way with the business and operation of the Oahu Sugar Company. Its language is exact and to the point, and there is no possible way that its true intent can be avoided by the clients of Attorney Lightfoot.

The effectiveness of the Nippu Jiji has been terminated in misleading the plantation laborers and it is expressly prohibited from publishing articles containing threats or intimidations against those Japanese who wish to abandon the strike and return to their work. In the language of the injunction, the Nippu Jiji must put an immediate end to articles that include "threatening language or threats of boycott or ostracism"—which has been the strongest ammunition within the reach and use of the higher wage organ.

Thirty-three respondents were named in the bill of complaint of the Oahu Sugar Company and the service of the summons was had on all but eight of the Japanese. During the court proceedings yesterday morning the firm of Kinney, Ballou, Prosser and Anderson represented the complainant and Lightfoot appeared for the defendants.

Return by Defense.

An oral return was made to the summons by Lightfoot, as follows: "By way of return to the order to show cause we object to the relief herein prayed for on the ground that a court of equity is without jurisdiction to grant the relief herein prayed for, in the first place because there is no allegation of the insolvency of the defendants or any of them. And it follows that there is no allegation supported by the facts alleged in the bill or affidavits that the petitioner for the complainant is without a plain, adequate, speedy and complete remedy at law."

"We further return that the court is without jurisdiction to grant the remedies herein prayed for in that the bill seeks an injunction to restrain the

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FEDERAL AID FOR CAMPBELL

**Washington Authorities Acted
on Governor Frear's
Suggestion.**

The fact that the efforts of Governor Frear to secure the cooperation of the United States government in connection with the mission of A. J. Campbell to Europe as the agent of the Territorial Board of Immigration, have been successful was demonstrated yesterday when a cablegram was received from Mr. Campbell at New York, reading as follows:

"Sail 14th full cooperation including doctor sending desirables only from San Francisco. CAMPBELL."

The cablegram was received by Chairman Ivers of the Board of Immigration and proves that the Washington authorities have acted upon the suggestion made by Governor Frear, through the Secretary of the Interior. At the time it was decided to send Mr. Campbell to Europe in search of desirable immigration, it was acknowledged that the first step toward the success of the campaign would be in securing the active support of the Federal government.

Promised Assistance.

With this end in view, Governor Frear wrote to the Secretary of the Interior stating what the object of Mr. Campbell's journey was and also emphasizing the vital importance to the whole Territory of the obtaining of immigrants who would be eventually qualified to become citizens. The wisdom of sending a government physician was also dwelt upon and all of which has been acted upon by the Washington authorities.

Governor Frear stated yesterday that he had received a letter from the Secretary of the Interior stating that the State Department and the Department of Commerce and Labor would lend all the aid possible to Mr. Campbell, and also that a physician in the United States Marine Service would be detailed to accompany him.

The necessity of securing a government physician was recognized and will avoid any complication when it comes to bringing the new immigrants into United States Territory through questions that might be raised as to the health regulations.

The A. H. steamer Pleiades sailed at midnight July 8 from Seattle for Honolulu and will arrive here about the 17th or 18th. The Columbian of the same line leaves San Francisco today for Honolulu.

JAS. B. CASTLE MARS BEATEN OBTAINS THE CONTROL BY DOVE OF PEACE

**Wahiawa Pineapple Co. Supervisors Submit to
to Be Managed by
Dowling. Lecture by Mayor
Joe Fern.**

James B. Castle has acquired control of the stock of the Consolidated Pineapple Company at Wahiawa. This company is, next to the Hawaiian Pineapple Company, the largest one of the kind in the islands. Its pack last season was over 50,000 cases and for the year 1909 will be nearly twice as large.

L. G. Kellogg, who has heretofore been manager of the Consolidated, has resigned and James J. Dowling, who is manager of the Castle companies in Koolau, including the Koolau railroad, sugar plantation, rice fields, and many other enterprises, has been appointed general manager of the Consolidated company. Mr. Dowling will act as general manager of all the interests over which he now has control, dividing his time equally between Koolau and Wahiawa. Mr. Dowling has made a success of the Castle enterprises in Koolau and brings to Wahiawa a valuable experience.

JIJI SAYS CONSUL MAY BE RECALLED

Yesterday the Nippu Jiji published an alleged cablegram from Tokio reading as follows:

"It is talked among officials that Consul General Uyeno is to be recalled. Therefore the laborers should not go back to work unconditionally."

The Jiji says that it cabled back that the Waiiala Japanese, who returned to work at the instance of Mr. Uyeno got no higher wages; that the fact has strengthened the cause of the strikers and that the support of the general Japanese public is growing stronger.

The cablegram is regarded as a ruse to raise the drooping spirits of the strikers. It is supposed to have been concocted here.

KECK ACCUSED OF ASSAULTING PRINGLE

A warrant was issued late yesterday afternoon for the arrest of Fred Keck, formerly an engineer of the Oahu Iee Company's plant, who is charged by C. D. Pringle, of the Internal Revenue Company's bonded warehouse at Kakaako, of having brutally beaten him during the afternoon. According to an eye-witness Keck went down to the warehouse and asked Pringle something about the whereabouts of a bicycle. Pringle told him he knew nothing about it, whereupon Keck, who is a very large man, proceeded to maul Mr. Pringle. He knocked him down and injured Mr. Pringle so badly that he was unable to move for sometime. Keck also broke some windows and vented his spleen on the building after using up Mr. Pringle. The latter was conveyed up town in an automobile to a doctor's office where his bruises were attended to.

BONINE TO PHOTOGRAPH A CATTLE ROUND-UP

R. K. Bonine, the moving picture man, expects to leave for Hawaii next Friday to take in the round-up at the Monsarrat ranch. Mr. Bonine expects to get a series of moving pictures depicting this feature of the ranchman's life that will prove of exceptional interest. He will also visit Kailua and Pahoa, and very probably will make a trip completely around the island, photographing whatever he can find that will help to illustrate life in this Territory.

The millennium has arrived. Harmony has displaced discord. The dove of peace has put to flight the dogs of war and the olive branch is nailed securely to the mast head. Mars is dead—re- quiescat in pace!

It is really true—for the time being. The Board of Supervisors at its meeting last night received a lecture from the Mayor—and received it peacefully, considered it deliberately and approved of it unanimously. Furthermore, it extended its thanks to His Honor for the attitude he had taken and promised in the future to be good and give no further occasion for a call-down along the same lines. Both Supervisor Quinn and Supervisor Logan admitted that the Mayor was justified in saying what he did, Quinn going so far as to say that the board had been playing horse instead of attending to business.

The incident arose over the matter of the appropriation bill, which had been signed by the Mayor, under protest, previous to the meeting of the board. The Mayor was evidently of the opinion that he had not been fairly treated in the matter, and although he signed the bill in order to avoid the complications that would arise through the lack of funds to pay bills when they should come due, he took occasion in a written message to tell the board what he thought of the whole business. Fortunately, the members were in a peaceful mood and accepted the correction in a mild spirit. The Mayor's message to the board was as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the City and County of Honolulu.

Gentlemen: I have approved the resolution making appropriations for various expenditures in the different departments for the next half-yearly period. In doing so, however, I would like to place before your honorable body some points in the proceedings which I disapprove:

First. The resolution containing the budget was not placed before the Board at an early enough date to complete the final printing before certain payrolls and contracts would be due and payable, even if only the necessary time was consumed in its passage. Let me, therefore, impress upon you at this early date to consider the next appropriation bill earlier. After the first reading five days are consumed in printing; after the second reading the Mayor has a possible ten days for consideration; in case of a veto of one item only it cannot be taken up for another five days, then whether the veto is sustained or overridden, it does not become law until it has been published ten days, making in all thirty days which may be consumed in its passage.

Second. The appropriations covered in the aforementioned resolution aggregate a considerable sum and the Mayor has not been advised by your Committee on Ways and Means as to the possible revenue of the City and County during the next period, hence, although approving the expenditures of said appropriations, I do so with no definite knowledge as to the receipts.

Third. There are incorporated in the resolution as it stands some items which were changed after the caucus of the Board with the Mayor and the Mayor's only knowledge was when the bill was up for passage first reading. I wish to go on record as disapproving such interpretation of the meaning of a caucus.

Owing to the lateness of the time in the month, and wishing in no way to jeopardize the work of the departments by not having available funds for various expenditures when they are due and payable, as aforesaid I have approved the resolution. But let us get together early and caucus on the budget and pass the resolution as caucused as expeditiously as possible, so that the necessary time which is consumed will not carry it to a time in the month when necessary expenditures have to be held up.

Yours respectfully,
JOSEPH J. FERN,
Mayor City and County of Honolulu.

Logan Not Guilty.

Upon the reading of this message by the Clerk, Logan moved that it be accepted and placed on file. "In so moving," he added, "I wish to plead not guilty on behalf of the Ways and Means Committee. We tried for a month to get together on the bill proposition, but there was nothing but postponements."

Logan assured the Mayor that the appropriation bill, which His Honor had stated he had not had time to become thoroughly acquainted with, is all right.

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PRESIDENT'S WESTERN TRIP PROGRAMMED

**He Will Visit Seattle, Portland, San Francisco,
Yosemite, Los Angeles, Arizona, New
Mexico, Texas and New Orleans.**

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The President announces a tentative itinerary for his western visit next fall as follows: He will not go to Alaska. He will leave Beverly, Massachusetts, September 15, for Seattle. He will be the guest of Senator Bourne at Portland. From that city the President will go to San Francisco where he will stay for several days, later visiting the Yosemite and Los Angeles. From there the trip will extend to Arizona, New Mexico and Texas. At El Paso he will meet President Diaz and spend several days at the ranch of his brother at Corpus Christi. He will attend the Deep Waterways Congress at New Orleans.

BOLIVIAN MOB ATTACKS THE ARGENTINE LEGATION

LA PAZ, July 10.—A mob has attacked the Argentine legation here and troops have been called out to assure the safety of the minister, which is menaced. The trouble is the outcome of the decision rendered by Argentina as arbitrator in the boundary dispute between Peru and Bolivia.

ROCKEFELLER'S BENEFICENT MILLIONS

NEW YORK, July 10.—John D. Rockefeller has given ten million dollars to the General Education Board of the Baptist Church. His total donations to the board now aggregate \$52,000,000.

A FIGHT IN MOROCCO

MELILLA, Morocco, July 10.—Forty Spaniard soldiers have been killed in a battle between troops and tribesmen near this point. The natives lost heavily.

PHILIPPINE BILL PASSES

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Senate has passed the Philippine tariff bill.

AFTERNOON CABLE REPORT

WASHINGTON, July 9.—President Taft today returned to this city from the celebration at Lake Champlain. He will start on his tour of the Pacific Coast on September 15.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—The schooner P. J. Abler, which was believed to have been lost in Arctic ocean, has arrived safely at this port.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Major J. W. Long, U. S. A., was killed in this city today in an automobile accident.

NAVAISHA, July 9.—Lions are abroad and killing natives.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 9.—There have been reported one hundred and fifty-three cases of cholera in the last twenty-four hours. Fifty-three deaths are recorded.

POLTAVA, July 9.—The second centennial of the battle of Poltava was celebrated here today, the Czar Nicholas being present.

GLACE BAY, Cape Breton Island, July 9.—Martial law has been declared in the coalfields.

KENNETH DUNCAN IN FOLSOM

About twelve years ago the Rev. Kenneth Duncan came to Honolulu and became chaplain of the Kamehameha schools. He had been pastor of a leading Presbyterian church in San Francisco, but had strayed into the primrose path and gone the whole way. For a while he tried to reform and, many of his offences having been forgotten, he managed to get into the good graces of church people here. But not for long. His stay at Kamehameha schools was short and he returned to San Francisco to disappear in the slums. Now he is in prison because of circumstances described in the following despatch:

SANTA ROSA, June 29.—Kenneth Duncan, a former Presbyterian minister of San Francisco, was sentenced to 18 months in Folsom here today in the Superior Court by Judge Seawell, after having pleaded guilty to stealing valuables from the home of Arthur Knowles, who had taken him in when

he was an outcast. Duncan was arrested in San Francisco recently and brought here for trial. Drink and drugs caused his downfall some years ago.

MONGOLIA IN THE LEAD.

On Wednesday afternoon when the Hilonian passed the Alameda at 2:30 p. m., the Oceanic liner was considerably in the lead of the Mongolia. At 8 p. m. Thursday evening the wireless operator of the Alameda sent in the following message to the Oceanic agents: "All well. Strong N. E. wind and head sea; 437 miles; Mongolia in sight." It is thought by the latter part of the message that the Mongolia was still chasing the Alameda. Later in the night the Alameda wireless man wired to Honolulu a very rough sea was running with the Mongolia five miles ahead.

There is no race, as a race is considered, between the two boats. Both are making their usual runs and bad weather would naturally delay the smaller boat and not be felt so very much by the other. As the mails were placed aboard it, it is generally hoped that the Oceanic liner will arrive first.

At 11:30 Thursday night the wireless operator at Kahuku heard from the Chio Maru, 1139 miles to westward, and from the transport Sheridan 524 miles to the eastward.